Sexual Misconduct Policy:

Sexual Harassment, Exploitation and Assault
October 2001

Section 2: Procedures

&

Section 3: Appendices



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Section 2: Procedures

Introduction

1. Purpose

This Sexual Misconduct Policy is intended to fulfill at least the following purposes:

- a) to help prevent sexual misconduct from occurring;
- b) to provide workable and fair procedures for responding to incidents and complaints of sexual misconduct;
- c) to provide a basis and framework for ongoing training and education on issues of sexual misconduct and the implementation of the policy.

2. Application

This policy is subject to the Canons of the Anglican Diocese of Toronto and the General Synod of the Anglican Church of Canada.

All clergy, employees and volunteers are expected to be familiar with this policy, consent to it and adhere to it. Other organizations functioning in the name of the Church or on its property are required to adhere to this policy or an equivalent one.

3. Initiation of Complaint

There are two ways in which an investigation of alleged sexual misconduct can be initiated under this policy.

- a) A person wishing to take action under this policy notifies the Canon Pastor, who determines which of the procedures under this policy (that is, sexual harassment or exploitation or sexual assault) most fittingly applies. As facts emerge, a complaint may be reclassified as harassment or exploitation or assault and the Canon Pastor has the right to redirect the management of the response accordingly.
 - All employees, clergy, and volunteers are encouraged to come forward with a valid complaint, or seek advice without fear of retaliation or reprisals. Retaliatory action against anyone reporting a situation in good faith and/or participating in an investigation in good faith will not be tolerated and any retaliatory conduct should be reported immediately.
- b) The Diocesan Bishop may request the Canon Pastor to initiate an investigation under the relevant procedures of this policy where there is reasonable suspicion of sexual misconduct as defined in this policy, whether or not a complainant wishes to make a formal complaint. The Canon Pastor is required to advise the Diocesan Bishop when they have been given information that may lead to a reasonable suspicion of sexual misconduct. In the case of an investigation initiated at the request of the Diocesan Bishop, a signed release by the complainant is not required.

4. Timely Procedures

Complainants and respondents are expected to proceed in a timely way to address issues of sexual misconduct under this policy. Fairness to the complainant and the respondent requires that the complaint be initiated and processed expeditiously. The timelines are generally followed but extensions for significant cause are allowed. In rare cases, the Canon Pastor, after consultation with the appropriate resource people, may decline to deal with a complaint at any stage if, in their

opinion, the initiation or processing of the complaint has been unreasonably delayed, and it is not reasonably possible to undertake an appropriate investigation in the circumstances, and substantial prejudice will result to the complainant or respondent.

5. Confidentiality

All complaints under this policy are dealt with confidentially, within the stated guidelines [outlined in Appendix H]. However, confidentiality may be limited as necessary for the purposes of conducting a full and fair investigation, or as required by law, or where anyone is at risk, or if confidentiality is expressly waived by the parties or their representatives (i.e. guardians, attorneys for property, etc.).

6. Legal Counsel and Civil Proceedings

This policy is not intended to preclude a complainant from seeking legal counsel or seeking a civil remedy. If there is notice that criminal or civil proceedings have commenced or may be commenced, any procedures under this policy will, subject to the requirements of applicable law, normally be suspended, except for the provision of a support person and pastoral care as outlined in the policy.

7. Complaints against the Diocesan Bishop

In the event that a complaint is made against the Diocesan Bishop, then the provincial Metropolitan (or the next senior Diocesan Bishop of the Province if the Diocesan Bishop is Metropolitan) performs all functions under this policy that would otherwise be undertaken by the Diocesan Bishop.

8. Complaints against an Area Bishop or the Executive Director

In the event that a complaint is made against an Area Bishop, the Diocesan Bishop performs all functions under this policy that would otherwise be undertaken by the Area Bishop. In the event that a complaint is made against the Executive Director, the Diocesan Bishop performs all functions under this policy that would otherwise be undertaken by the Executive Director.

9. Complaints against the Canon Pastor

If the complaint involves the Canon Pastor, a complaint may be initiated by notifying the Diocesan Bishop who will then assign an alternate person to perform all functions under this policy that would otherwise be undertaken by the Canon Pastor.

10. Vexatious Complaints

No person or persons is to knowingly make a false or malicious complaint. If it is determined that there was no sexual misconduct and that the complaint was initiated falsely or maliciously, then appropriate disciplinary action is to be taken against the person making the false or malicious complaint. The Canon Pastor, after consultation with the appropriate resource people, may decline to deal with a complaint at any stage if, in their opinion, the complaint is trivial, frivolous, malicious or made in bad faith.

11. Policy Revisions

A committee appointed by the Diocesan Bishop reviews and proposes revisions to this policy as often as necessary, but at least annually.

2.1 Sexual Harassment: Procedures

A. Introduction

- 1. All complaints and incidents related to children under the age of sixteen which give rise to reasonable grounds that the child is in need of protection are treated as child abuse and reported to the Children's Aid Society.
- 2. If an individual believes that they have been sexually harassed, the person may attempt, where possible, and where they are comfortable doing so, to clearly advise the person who is the source of the unacceptable behaviour, either verbally or in writing, that the conduct is unwelcome, that it is understood as sexual misconduct and that it must stop.
- 3. The complainant may find it helpful to keep detailed written notes recording the unwelcome behaviour, with date(s), time(s), location(s) and witness(es).
- 4. Where a complainant alleges sexual assault, the Canon Pastor will advise the complainant that they seek the assistance of the police rather than using the Policy.
- 5. If criminal charges have been laid against a respondent in connection with the subject matter of the complaint, no further proceedings will be taken under the Policy until the charges are either resolved or dropped. At that point, having regard to the particular circumstances, proceedings under the Policy may be reinstated by the Canon Pastor.

B. Process

The Complaint

- 1. The complainant notifies the Canon Pastor in writing that they wish to make a complaint under this policy. Alternatively, the Diocesan Bishop requests the Canon Pastor to initiate an investigation if they have a reasonable suspicion that sexual misconduct has occurred.
- 2. The complainant is provided with a copy of this policy and is asked to put the complaint in writing. The written complaint includes an account of the incident(s), date(s), time(s), name of the respondent(s), name of witness(es), if any, and is signed and dated by the complainant. The complainant is asked to sign a consent to release of information and Confidentiality Agreement in the form attached as Appendix H ("Confidentiality Agreement"). This is normally accomplished within two (2) weeks of first contacting the Canon Pastor about the complaint. The complainant is offered a support person.
- 3. The Canon Pastor after consultation with the Area Bishop advises the senior person responsible for the place where the harassment allegedly occurred as to whether there are to be changes in location, reporting responsibilities, etc., of the complainant or the respondent, during the investigation. The final decision regarding such changes is to be that of the senior person responsible (unless they are the respondent in which case the final decision is made by the Area Bishop).
- 4. The Canon Pastor notifies the Executive Director of the complaint. The Executive Director notifies the Diocesan insurers of a potential claim.

- 5. All public communications, including parish and media contacts, are made only by the Diocesan Bishop or their designate. All public statements are to have due regard to confidentiality of the affected parties and the principle of innocence until guilt is proven.
- 6. If the misconduct allegedly occurred in a place of ministry of the Diocese, the Area Bishop, having regard for the pastoral needs of that place of ministry during and following the investigation, may request the Canon Pastor to appoint a crisis response team to provide appropriate short term support. (See Appendix A.)

The Investigation

- 7. The Canon Pastor appoints an investigating team.
- 8. The Canon Pastor informs the complainant of the names of the investigating team.
- 9. Investigating team meets with the complainant within one week of receipt of the complaint, or the complaint from the Diocesan Bishop, and interviews the complainant. The investigating team documents the incident or complaint in writing ("incident report").
- 10. Investigating team reviews the incident report with the complainant who signs it to indicate agreement with its accuracy. Investigating team gives this to the Canon Pastor.
- 11. After receipt of the incident report, the Canon Pastor contacts the respondent and informs them that they are the subject of an investigation under the Sexual Misconduct Policy. (In some circumstances, the Canon Pastor may notify the respondent of the complaint prior to receipt of the incident report. For example, such situations might include an awareness that rumors are spreading about the complaint; the Canon Pastor may be aware that the respondent is already informally aware of the complaint; or some interim action in light of the allegations needs to be taken.).
- 12. The Canon Pastor gives the respondent a copy of this policy and the incident report. The Canon Pastor describes the complaint process, explains limitations on confidentiality and advises the respondent of their right to seek independent legal counsel. The respondent signs the Confidentiality Agreement.
- 13. The Canon Pastor advises the respondent of the names of the investigating team who will be requesting a meeting and that the respondent has two weeks in which to respond to the allegations.
- 14. The Canon Pastor offers assistance of a support person. (Support person cannot be the same person as a member of the investigating team on this case.)
- 15. The investigating team interviews witnesses and reviews any other documentation that may be relevant to the complaint or incident.
- 16. Investigating team meets with the respondent within two weeks after the respondent has received the written documentation of the complaint. Investigating team interviews the

- respondent and/or receives the respondent's written reply to the complaint. In all cases, the respondent will have the opportunity to reply to the specific allegations raised against them.
- 17. If the respondent declines to reply to the complaint, the investigating team completes the investigation without the respondent's response.
- 18. The investigating team takes appropriate notes and statements during all interviews. The notes will not be part of the final report but will be kept for no less than 2 years.
- 19. The Canon Pastor monitors the work of the investigating team and support persons, ensuring required deadlines and other procedural requirements are met.
- 20. The Canon Pastor receives the written report from the investigating team which shall contain a summary of steps taken, the complaint made, the response from the respondent, and the evidence gathered. The report shall also contain the findings of fact, any significant factual disputes with respect to the complaint, and the conclusion as to whether harassment was found or not.
- 21. The complainant and respondent each have the right to request a separate, but not confidential, meeting with the Diocesan Bishop during the period of investigation prior to the Diocesan Bishop's decision.

Mediation

- 22. Following the completed investigation, if appropriate in the circumstances, the process may be diverted to mediation upon mutual agreement of the complainant, respondent, and Canon Pastor. The Canon Pastor may refer the complaint to a trained mediator if both the complainant and respondent agree to do so. The fee of the mediator, if any, is paid by the Diocese. The parties are responsible for their own legal expenses, if incurred.
- 23. If both parties and the Canon Pastor agree to mediation, the Canon Pastor makes the arrangements for the mediation. If any of the parties do not agree to participate in mediation, the complaint proceeds directly to the decision-making process.
- 24. The mediation process shall take no longer than thirty (30) days from the time the mediation was agreed to, unless otherwise agreed in writing between the parties.
- 25. The results of the mediation are reported by the mediator to the Canon Pastor who informs the Diocesan Bishop. The Diocesan Bishop considers the mediation agreement, if any, in making their final decision.
- 26. If mediation fails, the Diocesan Bishop makes a final decision.

Decision-Making Process

27. The Canon Pastor submits the results of the investigation to the Diocesan Bishop. The results are a summary of the investigating team's written report.

- 28. The Diocesan Bishop meets with the respondent, within ten (10) calendar days of the conclusion of the investigation, to inform them of the final decision. The decision is in writing and includes the results of the investigation and any corrective action, if any, to be taken.
- 29. The complainant is also informed by the Diocesan Bishop in writing of the decision, results of the investigation and any corrective action, if any, to be taken within ten (10) calendar days of the conclusion of the investigation. The complainant meets with the Diocesan Bishop unless the complainant advises the Diocesan Bishop that they do not wish to meet.
- 30. Where a complaint is sustained, a copy of the Diocesan Bishop's decision is maintained in the Canon Pastor's file and the respondent's personnel file. When a complaint is not sustained, there is no record of it in the individual's personnel file. However, summary documentation of the case is maintained in the confidential file of the Canon Pastor.

Discipline

- 31. The nature and type of discipline is determined by the Diocesan Bishop if a complaint is sustained and depends on the severity and frequency of the incident(s). Disciplinary measures may include counselling sessions, sensitivity training, a written warning or reprimand, an assigned on-site supervisor, transfer or limitations placed on function, suspension without pay, termination, deprivation or relinquishment of exercise of ministry, or other discipline provided for in Canon 22.
- 32. If it is determined there was no sexual harassment and that the complaint was initiated maliciously, appropriate disciplinary action is taken by the Diocesan Bishop.

Appeal

33. An appeal of the Diocesan Bishop's decision may be made to the Metropolitan Bishop within thirty (30) days of the receipt of the Diocesan Bishop's decision by filing a written request with the reasons for the appeal. The consent of the Metropolitan will be sought in advance to hear the appeal or to nominate someone to act in their place to hear the appeal.

Committee of Review

34. Where an employee, volunteer or cleric is suspended, deprived or relinquishes their license or has limitations placed on their functioning for longer than one year as a result of sexual harassment, their status may be reviewed and changed after a period of one year. The review is conducted by a committee of review appointed by the Diocesan Bishop which reports its recommendations to the Diocesan Bishop.

Civil Proceedings

35. This policy is not intended to preclude a complainant from seeking legal counsel or seeking a civil remedy either through the courts or under the Ontario Human Rights Code. However, if there is notice that civil proceedings have been commenced or may be commenced, or that a complaint has been filed with the Human Rights Tribunal of Ontario, any procedures under this policy are, subject to the requirements of applicable law, normally to be suspended, except for the provision of pastoral care as outlined in the policy.

Time Limits

36. The Canon Pastor may in their sole discretion, upon request or when dictated by the circumstances, extend the time for taking any step under the Policy. If an extension is required, both parties will be informed of the extension and reason for it.

Informal Process (optional)		
Complainant tells respondent to stop the unwelcome behavior		
Complainant documents details ψ		
Complainant may request the assistance of a diocesan resource person ψ	Formal Proc	ess
Case resolved with a resolution agreement	Case unresolved or complainant makes	s formal written complaint
	Bishop, Area Bishop and Secretary o complaint	f Synod informed of the
	Complainant offered the assistance of a	a diocesan resource person
	Investigating team ap	ppointed
	Investigating team meets with comcomplaint repo	
	Respondent given the written complain the assistance of a diocesan	
	Mediation (may be initiated at an ✓	y point in the process)
	Investigating team interviews respondent and others deemed necessary	If mediation is rejected or fails, the investigation is resumed
	The investigation team writes the final report. The report will be sent to the Canon Pastor and the Bishop	
	The Canon Pastor on review of the report sends a report to the Bishop including suggestions of possible sanctions for the respondent if deemed appropriate	Mediation result report presented to Bishop
	The Diocesan Bishop makes a final cappropriate discipline; conveys de	
	An appeal may be	made

2.2 Sexual Exploitation: Procedures

The Complaint

- 1. The complainant notifies either the Canon Pastor in writing that they wish to make a complaint under this policy. Alternatively, the Diocesan Bishop requests the Canon Pastor to initiate an investigation if they have a reasonable suspicion that sexual misconduct has occurred.
- 2. The complainant is provided with a copy of this policy and is asked to put the complaint in writing. The written complaint includes an account of the incident(s), date(s), time(s), name of the respondent(s), name of witness(es), if any, and is signed and dated by the complainant. The complainant is asked to sign a consent to release of information and Confidentiality Agreement. This is normally accomplished within two (2) weeks of first contacting the Canon Pastor about the complaint. The complainant is offered a support person.
- 3. The Canon Pastor advises the senior person responsible for the place where the misconduct allegedly occurred as to whether there are to be changes in location, reporting responsibilities, etc., of the complainant or the respondent, during the investigation. The final decision regarding such changes is to be that of the senior person responsible (unless they are the respondent).
- 4. The Canon Pastor notifies the Executive Director of the complaint. The Executive Director notifies the Diocesan insurers of a potential claim.
- 5. All public communications, including parish and media contacts, are made only by the Diocesan Bishop or their designate. All public statements are to have due regard to confidentiality of the affected parties and the principle of innocence until guilt is proven.
- 6. If the misconduct allegedly occurred in a place of ministry of the Diocese, the Area Bishop, having regard for the pastoral needs of that place of ministry during and following the investigation, may request the Canon Pastor to appoint a crisis response team to provide appropriate short term support. (See Appendix A.)

The Investigation

- 7. The Canon Pastor appoints an investigating team.
- 8. The Canon Pastor informs the complainant of the names of the investigating team.
- 9. Investigating team meets with the complainant within one week of receipt of the complaint or the complaint from the Diocesan Bishop and interviews the complainant. The investigating team documents the complaint in writing ("complaint report").
- 10. Investigating team reviews the complaint report with the complainant who signs it to indicate agreement with its accuracy. Investigating team gives this to the Canon Pastor.
- 11. After receipt of the complaint report, Canon Pastor contacts the respondent and informs them that they are the subject of an investigation under the Sexual Misconduct Policy. (In some circumstances, the Canon Pastor may notify the respondent of the complaint prior to receipt of the complaint report. For example, such situations might include an awareness that rumors are spreading about the complaint; the Canon Pastor may be aware that the respondent is already

- informally aware of the complaint; or some interim action in light of the allegations needs to be taken.)
- 12. The Canon Pastor gives the respondent a copy of this policy and the complaint report. The Canon Pastor describes the complaint process, explains limitations on confidentiality and advises the respondent of their right to seek independent legal counsel. The respondent signs the Confidentiality Agreement.
- 13. The Canon Pastor advises the respondent of the names of the investigating team who will be requesting a meeting and that the respondent has two weeks in which to respond to the allegations.
- 14. The Canon Pastor offers assistance of a support person. (Support person cannot be the same person as a member of the investigating team on this case.)
- 15. The investigating team interviews any other person or reviews any other documentation that may be relevant to the complaint. The investigating team takes appropriate notes and statements during all interviews (complainant, respondent, and other persons).
- 16. Investigating team meets with the respondent two weeks after the respondent has received the written documentation of the complaint. Investigating team interviews the respondent and/or receives the respondent's written reply to the complaint. In all cases, the respondent will have the opportunity to reply to the specific allegations raised against them.
- 17. If the respondent declines to reply to the complaint, the investigating team completes the investigation without the respondent's response.
- 18. The Canon Pastor monitors the work of the investigating team and support persons, ensuring required deadlines and other procedural requirements are met.
- 19. The Canon Pastor receives the report of the investigating team. The Canon Pastor may obtain outside professional consultation. The Canon Pastor may direct the investigating team to conduct further enquiries such as interviewing of witnesses or reviewing corroborating or exculpatory information.
- 20. The complainant and respondent each have the right to request a separate, but not confidential, meeting with the Diocesan Bishop during the period of investigation prior to the Diocesan Bishop's decision.

Decision-Making Process

- 21. The Diocesan Bishop meets with the respondent, within three (3) weeks of receiving the report, to inform them of the final decision and corrective action, if any, to be taken. The decision is in writing. The complainant is also informed of the decision by the Diocesan Bishop in writing, and where possible, in person.
- 22. Where a complaint is sustained, a copy of the Diocesan Bishop's decision is maintained in the Canon Pastor's file and the respondent's personnel file. When a complaint is not sustained, there

is no record of it in the individual's personnel file. However, summary documentation of the case is maintained in the confidential file of the Canon Pastor.

Discipline

- 23. The nature and type of discipline is determined by the Diocesan Bishop if the complaint is sustained and depends on the severity and frequency of the incident(s). Disciplinary measures may include counselling sessions, sensitivity training, a written warning or reprimand, an assigned on-site supervisor, transfer or limitations placed on function, suspension without pay, termination, deprivation or relinquishment of exercise of ministry, or other discipline provided for in Canon 22.
- 24. If it is determined there was no sexual exploitation and that the complaint was initiated maliciously, appropriate disciplinary action is taken by the Diocesan Bishop.

Appeal

25. An appeal of the Diocesan Bishop's decision may be made to the Metropolitan Bishop within thirty (30) days of the receipt of the Diocesan Bishop's decision by filing a written request with the reasons for the appeal.

Committee of Review

26. Where an employee, volunteer or cleric is suspended, deprived or relinquishes their license or has limitations placed on their functioning for longer than one year as a result of sexual exploitation, their status may be reviewed and changed after a period of one year. The review is conducted by a committee of review appointed by the Diocesan Bishop which reports its recommendations to the Diocesan Bishop.

Civil Proceedings

27. This policy is not intended to preclude a complainant from seeking legal counsel or seeking a civil remedy either through the courts or under the Ontario Human Rights Code. However, if there is notice that civil proceedings have been commenced or may be commenced, or that a complaint has been filed with the Human Rights Tribunal of Ontario, any procedures under this policy are, subject to the requirements of applicable law, normally to be suspended, except for the provision of pastoral care as outlined in the policy.

Flow Chart of Response to Complaint of Sexual Exploitation

Complainant notifies Canon Pastor of wish to make a formal complaint



Diocesan Bishop, Area Bishop and Executive Director informed of the complaint



Complainant offered a support person; given copy of policy



Investigating team appointed



Investigating team meets with complainant and prepares complaint report



Respondent given the written complaint, given policy and offered resource support person

Investigating team interviews respondent and others deemed necessary



The investigation team writes the final report. The report will be sent to the Canon Pastor and the Diocesan Bishop



The Canon Pastor on review of the report sends a report to the Diocesan Bishop including suggestions of possible sanctions for the respondent if deemed appropriate



The Diocesan Bishop makes a final decision and determines appropriate discipline; conveys decision to both parties



An appeal may be made

2.3 Sexual Assault: Procedures

- Sexual assault is sexual activity which may be criminal in nature, and is dealt with seriously.
- There are different procedures outlined in this policy depending on whether the complaint involves a child (or a vulnerable adult) or an adult.

2.3 A. The Process when the Complaint Involves a Child (or Vulnerable Adult)

1. Obligation and Reasonable Grounds for Reporting

Where a person suspects on reasonable grounds that a child is or may be in need of protection, this suspicion must be reported to child protection authorities. (In Ontario, a report must be made to a Children's Aid Society). This provision specifically includes a non-delegable obligation on of the part of all clergy. For professionals and clergy, failure to report is a provincial offence.

For the purposes of this policy, a suspicion is defined as:

- a complaint from the child
- circumstantial evidence, such as cries for help, unexplained physical injury, etc.
- a statement of an eye witness to a recent complaint
- a statement of another that is buttressed with detail from the surrounding circumstances
- a witness who corroborates the statement of another.

Anyone who is unsure as to whether they should report that abuse might have occurred is encouraged to seek the advice of colleagues, superiors, or child protection professionals. If there is doubt, it is preferable to err on the side of protecting the child.

Under the provisions of the Child and Family Services Act, a special obligation to report child abuse is placed on any person who in the course of their professional duties believes on reasonable grounds that a child is being abused or has been abused. This provision specifically includes a non-delegable obligation on respective members of clergy. For professionals and clergy, failure to report is a provincial offence.

It is noted that in Ontario the duty to report suspected child abuse overrides the privilege of confidentiality (including that of doctors and clergy). This law dictates that the positive requirements of the obligation to report supersede the confessional seal.

- 2. The person who suspects abuse is obligated in law to report personally the suspicion to child protection authorities. No action is taken by the Diocese against a person who institutes their own report.
- 3. Any member of staff or of the clergy of the Diocese who is aware of a report indicating that a child is being or may have been abused by a member of the staff or the clergy, or by a volunteer of the Diocese, informs the Canon Pastor who notifies the Diocesan Bishop, who in turn informs the appropriate Area Bishop.
- 4. The Canon Pastor notifies the Executive Director of the complaint. The Executive Director notifies the Diocesan insurers of a potential claim.

- 5. The Canon Pastor immediately confirms with the child protection authorities that a report of the suspicion of abuse has been made.
- 6. The Canon Pastor documents the report.
- 7. The Diocese co-operates fully with child protection and/or police authorities who are investigating reports of child abuse.
- 8. The Area Bishop contacts the child's family following consultation with the Children's Aid Society (and/or investigating police department). The Canon Pastor, in consultation with the Area Bishop, offers a support person to the child and the child's family. In order not to interfere with the progress of the investigation, such contact to offer support is made only after the investigating authorities have indicated it is acceptable.
- 9. The respondent is notified of the report by the Canon Pastor, in consultation with the Area Bishop responsible for the respondent, unless there are concerns that such notification will impede the progress of the investigation.
- 10. The Canon Pastor, in consultation with the Area Bishop, offers a support person to the respondent (and their family as appropriate.)
- 11. Financial support and considerations related to the housing of families of respondents who are clergy are dealt with in accordance with Diocesan Canons, Policies and Guidelines.
- 12. Where a member of staff or clergy, or a volunteer is accused of child abuse, that person is normally removed from church related duties until all investigations and legal proceedings are completed and the Diocesan Bishop is satisfied that the person poses no risk to children. This removal implies no inference of guilt and may be reviewed periodically. The Diocesan Bishop may at their discretion inhibit the accused person [Canon 22].
- 13. All public communications, including parish and media contacts, are made only by the Diocesan Bishop or their designate. All public statements have due regard to confidentiality of the affected parties and the principle of innocence until guilt is proven.
- 14. If the assault allegedly occurred in a place of ministry of the Diocese, the Area Bishop, having regard for the pastoral needs of that place of ministry during and following the investigation, may request the Canon Pastor to appoint a crisis response team to provide appropriate short term support. (See Appendix A.)
- 15. Following the completion of all criminal and/or civil proceedings, the Diocese has the right and obligation to conduct an internal investigation to determine whether the accused person poses a hazard to children or vulnerable persons. The status of the respondent is determined according to the Canons and policies of the Diocese. Persons who have been found in a criminal proceeding to have committed sexual assault of a child shall under no circumstances be given duties of any kind (low, medium, or high risk) in the Diocese.

- 16. In the case of acquittal of a person charged with sexual assault of a child (or where charges have not been proceeded with), the Diocese reserves the right to make an independent determination of the facts and the potential risks posed by the respondent based on a standard of the balance of probabilities, and erring on the side of protection of children and vulnerable persons.
- 17. Where a respondent is fully exonerated of the accusation, this determination is announced publicly.
- 18. Where a complaint is sustained, a copy of the Diocesan Bishop's decision is maintained in the Canon Pastor's file and the respondent's personnel file. When a complaint is not sustained, there is no record of it in the individual's personnel file. However, summary documentation of the case is maintained in the confidential file of the Canon Pastor.

Discipline

- 19. Individuals found guilty of sexual assault are disciplined (Canon 22). The nature and type of discipline is determined by the Diocesan Bishop and depends on the severity and frequency of the incident(s). Disciplinary measures are in accordance with the provisions of Canon 22.
- 20. If it is determined there was no sexual assault and that the complaint was initiated maliciously, appropriate disciplinary action is taken by the Diocesan Bishop.

Appeal

21. An appeal of the Diocesan Bishop's decision may be made to the Metropolitan Bishop within thirty (30) days of the Diocesan Bishop's decision by filing a written request with the reasons for the appeal.

Flow Chart of Response to Complaint of Sexual Assault against a Child

A person who suspects abuse of a child on reasonable grounds contacts the Children's Aid Society



The Canon Pastor is informed of the allegation, informs the Diocesan Bishop, confirms and documents that a report to CAS has been made



Area Bishop and Executive Director informed of the complaint

Diocese co-operates with the investigating child protection and/or police authorities



Area Bishop (after consultation with investigating authorities) contacts the child's family. Child and family offered a support person by Canon Pastor



Respondent advised of the report (on advice of investigating authorities) by Canon Pastor and offered a support person



The respondent is normally removed from duties pending outcome of investigation



A crisis response team may be appointed to assist in the parish



The Diocesan Bishop may initiate an internal investigation on completion of criminal or civil proceedings



The Diocesan Bishop determines appropriate discipline

2.3 B. The Process when the Complainant Is an Adult The Complaint

1. When a person notifies the Canon Pastor that they wish to make a complaint of sexual misconduct, the Canon Pastor determines which of the procedures under this policy (that is, sexual harassment or exploitation or sexual assault) most fittingly applies. If the sexual activity forming the basis of the complaint may be defined as criminal under the Criminal Code of Canada, the Canon Pastor encourages the complainant to report this matter to the police. The Canon Pastor may assist the complainant to do so. No report is to be made to the police without the consent of the adult complainant unless there is a grave concern that others may be at similar risk of assault, or the adult complainant is mentally incompetent. If the complainant chooses not to report the matter to the police, the complaint will be investigated according to "Sexual Exploitation Procedures" in this policy, even if the complainant chooses not to make a written complaint. Alternatively, the Diocesan Bishop requests the Canon Pastor to initiate an investigation if they have a reasonable suspicion that sexual misconduct has occurred.

If the Complainant was a Minor at the Time

2. Where the complaint involves abuse that allegedly occurred when the adult complainant was a child, no report will be made without the consent of the complainant unless either there is suspicion that other children are currently being abused or the person receiving the report has grave concerns for the safety of other persons. If it appears that other children may currently be abused, the person hearing the complaint will follow the procedures in section 2.3 A above, "The Process when the Complaint Involves a Child."

Reporting and Co-operation with Authorities:

- 3. Where a member of staff or clergy becomes aware that a complaint of sexual assault may be made or has been made to the police against a Diocesan employee, clergy or volunteer, the person who is aware of the complaint reports this immediately to the Canon Pastor who notifies the Diocesan Bishop and the appropriate Area Bishop.
- 4. The Canon Pastor notifies the Executive Director of the complaint. The Executive Director notifies the Diocesan insurers of a potential claim.
- 5. The Diocese offers to co-operate with police authorities who are investigating reports of sexual assault.
- 6. The respondent is notified of the report by the Canon Pastor, in consultation with the Area Bishop responsible for the respondent, unless there are concerns that such notification will impede the progress of the investigation.
- 7. The Canon Pastor, in consultation with the Area Bishop, contacts the complainant and the respondent (and their families if appropriate), to offer a support person, but only after investigating authorities indicate that it is acceptable to do so, in order not to interfere with the progress of the investigation.
- 8. Financial support and considerations related to the housing of families of respondents who are clergy are dealt with in accordance with Diocesan Canons, Policies and Guidelines.

Investigation

- 9. Where a member of staff or clergy, or a volunteer is accused of sexual assault that person is normally removed from church related duties until all investigations and legal proceedings are completed and the Diocesan Bishop is satisfied to that the respondent poses no risk to vulnerable persons. This removal implies no inference of guilt and may be reviewed periodically. The Diocesan Bishop may at their discretion inhibit the accused person [Canon 22].
- 10. All public communications, including parish and media contacts, are made only by the Diocesan Bishop or their designate. All public statements are to have due regard to confidentiality of the affected parties and the principle of innocence until guilt is proven.
- 11. If the assault allegedly occurred in a place of ministry of the Diocese, the Area Bishop, having regard for the pastoral needs of that place of ministry during and following the investigation, may request the Canon Pastor to appoint a crisis response team to provide appropriate short term support. (See Appendix A.)
- 12. Following the completion of all criminal and/or civil proceedings, the Diocese has the right and obligation to conduct an internal investigation to determine whether the accused person poses a hazard to vulnerable persons. The status of the respondent is determined according to the Canons and policies of the Diocese. Persons who have been found in a criminal proceeding to have committed sexual assault under no circumstances are to be given duties of any kind (low, medium, or high risk) in the Diocese.
- 13. In the case of acquittal of a person charged with criminal sexual activity (or where charges have not been proceeded with), the Diocese reserves the right to make an independent determination of the facts and the potential risks posed by the respondent based on a standard of the balance of probabilities, and erring on the side of protection of children and vulnerable persons.
- 14. Where a respondent is fully exonerated of the accusation, this determination is announced publicly.
- 15. Where a complaint is sustained, a copy of the Diocesan Bishop's decision is maintained in the Canon Pastor's file and the respondent's personnel file. When a complaint is not sustained, there is no record of it in the personnel file. However, summary documentation of the case is maintained in the confidential file of the Canon Pastor.

Discipline

- 16. Individuals found guilty of sexual assault are disciplined (Canon 22). The nature and type of discipline is determined by the Diocesan Bishop and depend on the severity and frequency of the incident(s). Disciplinary measures will be in accordance with the provisions of Canon 22.
- 17. If it is determined there was no sexual assault and that the complaint was initiated maliciously, appropriate disciplinary action will be taken by the Diocesan Bishop.

Appeal

18. An appeal of the Diocesan Bishop's decision may be made to the Metropolitan Bishop within thirty (30) days of the Diocesan Bishop's decision by filing a written request with the reasons for the appeal.

Flow Chart of Response to Complaint of Sexual Assault against an Adult Complainant contacts the Canon Pastor If complainant was a minor at the time of Canon Pastor encourages If complainant chooses not to complainant to report the matter to report to police, follow "Sexual the alleged abuse, proceed according to the police Exploitation" procedure "Process when the Complaint Involves a Child" (previous process) Canon Pastor informs the Diocesan Bishop of complaint Area Bishop, Executive Director informed of the complaint Diocese co-operates with investigating authorities The complainant offered a support person Respondent advised of the complaint by Canon Pastor (after consultation with the authorities), and offered a support person The respondent is normally removed from duties pending the outcome of the investigation A crisis response team may be appointed to assist in the parish The Diocesan Bishop may initiate an internal investigation on completion of criminal or civil proceedings

The Diocesan Bishop determines appropriate discipline

Section 3. Appendices

Appendix A: CRISIS RESPONSE

Whenever an allegation of sexual misconduct made against a member of the clergy, a member of staff or a volunteer threatens the integrity of the parish or place of ministry, the Canon Pastor may, at the request of the Area Bishop, send a Crisis Response Team (CRT) made up of Diocesan resource persons to the parish or place of ministry.

When in the parish or place of ministry, the CRT will contact the key person as appropriate, consult with the Churchwardens or board of directors and employees, maintain clear communication with the Area Bishop, the Canon Pastor, the Incumbent or interim priest, and make recommendations to the Area Bishop about what is needed in the parish or place of ministry to reduce the risk of trauma. The CRT in consultation with the Area Bishop may hold a public meeting or meetings within the parish or place of ministry. The work of the CRT shall be short-term.

Appendix B: AREA BISHOP

The Area Bishop has primary responsibility for the pastoral needs of the parish or place of ministry. The Area Bishop maintains regular contact with appropriate church leadership to monitor the situation. The Area Bishop shall be regularly briefed by the Canon Pastor regarding the processing of the complaint and will be consulted and make the decisions regarding the pastoral, educational and communication needs of the parish. The Area Bishop, in consultation with the Canon Pastor, may contact the complainant, respondent, and/or their families as appropriate, to assure them of the Church's care but not to provide primary pastoral care.

Appendix C: CANON PASTOR, ASSISTANT TO THE CANON PASTOR, and DIOCESAN RESOURCE TEAM

The Diocesan Resource Team (DRT) is established to be composed of the Canon Pastor and a number of Diocesan resource persons.

The DRT are trained volunteers appointed by the Diocesan Bishop for a specific term and are available to:

- (a) provide assistance to all the members of the Diocesan community in sexual misconduct manners;
- (b) assist in the resolution of complaints as set out in the policy;
- (c) provide education, training and information to the Diocese and parishes in all aspects of sexual misconduct and on the policy.

DRT is responsible to and supervised by the Canon Pastor.

The Canon Pastor is appointed by the Diocesan Bishop for a term of three (3) years. The Canon Pastor is responsible for:

- (a) the administration of the sexual misconduct policy;
- (b) recruitment, selection and training of DRT in consultation with the Diocesan Bishop.;

- (c) assignment of Diocesan resource persons to individual complaints under the policy;
- (d) providing advice and guidance to DRT and to the Diocesan community;
- (e) submitting an annual report to the Diocesan Bishop on the operation of the policy;
- (f) advising the Executive Director of a complaint so that the Diocesan insurers may be advised;
- (g) consulting with the Human Resources staff in the implementation of the policy;
- (h) consulting with the Area Bishops in respect to complaints arising in their areas under the policy; assignment of a crisis response team under the policy at the request of the Area Bishop.

The Assistant to the Canon Pastor is appointed by the Diocesan Bishop in consultation with the Canon Pastor. The Assistant to the Canon Pastor will have all the responsibilities of the Canon Pastor in their absence or when appointed by the Canon Pastor.

Appendix D: SUPPORT PERSON

A support person may be appointed by the Canon Pastor where a party (complainant or respondent) requests assistance and the Canon Pastor deems it appropriate.

The support person may offer guidance and resources to the party, which may include:

- (a) providing information to the party regarding the Sexual Misconduct policy and the procedures applicable to the process in which the party is involved;
- (b) supporting the party in finding and accessing needed pastoral care; and
- (c) supporting the party in a process of healing and reconciliation.

Appendix E: Theological Basis From the first DIOCESAN SEXUAL ABUSE POLICY, ANGLICAN DIOCESE OF TORONTO

(Adopted by the Executive Committee, April 1992)

"Despite its mission to be the body of Christ, the church is no stranger to sexual abuse, even in its own midst. Our thinking about that abuse must be set in the framework of what it means to be a Christian, to be a sexual person of Christian faith, and to be a servant in the church.

"Christians have a high calling. Christ invites and empowers us to live out our lives in the love he shows us. Our identity as Christians is both gift and demand. Promised fullness of life, we are called to the self-giving of the cross, to faithfulness, compassion, and justice. Our faith is framed between acknowledgement of our arrogance, sinfulness, and brokenness, and commitment to the renewal of human life through dying to self. That renewal encompasses "the healing, wholeness, and liberation promised by God's grace to every facet of human life" which is the task of ministry.¹

"What does it mean to be a sexual person with such a faith? Sexuality is central to our being; we are body-selves. It is basic to our fulfillment, and our vulnerability. It carries our need to reach out to and embrace others, our longing for relatedness. Sexuality is the power to be in communion with

another, to be caught up in the wonder of mutuality. Our sexuality, as a dimension of our whole selves, is to be offered to God; in the expression of sexual desires we are called to holiness.

"God values sexuality as good, blessed, and purposeful. Scripture sees it as a gift to be celebrated in joy and ecstasy, and to be held in the web of love and covenant. Trust and justice, mirroring God's ways with us, are to undergird it. Love is to be its expression. Mutuality is its meaning in a world God destines for a reconciliation we are to create, a harmony alive to the divine presence. Non-coercion, mutual acceptance of needs and rights, caring: these are characteristics of good sexual activity. Our God-given natures invite us to the responsible fulfillment of our sexuality.

"The ethic that must go with such an understanding of sexuality entails equal respect for children, women, and men, as persons made in God's image, and for everyone's right to sexual and bodily integrity.

"Those who undertake as priests or laity to serve the church (whether salaried or volunteer) must, in living out their faith, adhere to Christian ethical principles in their sexual conduct, and also in their exercise of authority and power. In sharing in the gospel mission to bring reconciliation, healing, and wholeness, they will draw close to those they minister to. They need to recognise the dynamics of trust in these relationships and the consequent potential for harm and abuse. The authority conferred by the church on those who work in Christ's name must be rooted in the love of Christ (Eph. 3:17). In their ministry they must model God's trustworthiness.

"For any Christian, to betray trust by the grave ethical transgression of sexually abusing another, whether child or adult, is to deny Christian identity. Such a betrayal cannot be other than a gross injury to the one abused, and a violation of faithfulness to Christ."

¹ Mary D. Pellauer, Barbara Chester, and Jane Boyajean, editors, Sexual Assault and Abuse: A Handbook for Clergy and Religious Professionals (San Francisco: Harper and Row, Publishers, 1987).

Appendix F: Out of Diocese complaints.

Every effort will be made to meet the complainant at their location. This may, however, be limited because of the rules governing clergy living or functioning outside of their home diocese.

For more information, refer to the General Synod Canon on Discipline, Canon XVIII: (http://www.anglican.ca/resources/handbook)

Appendix G: Re-Instatement

REINTEGRATION POLICY AFTER SUBSTANTIATED COMPLAINT OF SEXUAL EXPLOITATION/HARASSMENT OF AN ADULT

1. GENERAL EXCLUSION

Persons who have been found in a criminal proceeding to have committed a sexual offence against a child or adult, or following a substantiated complaint of sexual exploitation or harassment of a mentally incompetent adult will not be considered for reintegration and under no circumstances are to be given duties of any kind (low, medium, or high risk) in the Diocese.

2. **ISSUE**

This policy concerns the possible reintegration of clergy, staff and volunteers into a parish following substantiated complaint of sexual exploitation or sexual harassment of an adult.

3. **AFFECTED PERSONS**

This policy applies to every bishop, priest, deacon, or lay person under the jurisdiction of the Diocesan Bishop of the Diocese of Toronto who have responsibilities within the parish or other areas of ministry.

4. **POLICY**

(a) Where there has been a substantiated case of sexual harassment or exploitation of an adult, the respondent's continued role in the parish is reviewed by the Diocesan Bishop who determines whether it is appropriate for the person to continue in, or return to, a position of responsibility within the parish or other areas of ministry.

Any possible reintegration must take into account the Church's over-riding responsibility to those in its midst.

Appendix H: CONFIDENTIALITY

As a first principle, every effort will be made on the part of all parties concerned to hold in confidence information obtained in the process of a complaint made under the Sexual Misconduct Policy, including identifying information about any persons involved. There will be times when this information is required to be disclosed by law, for the purposes of conducting a full and fair investigation, where safety issues exist, or where confidentiality is expressly waived by the parties.

Matters of confidentiality may bear directly not only upon the proper process of investigation, but on the well-being and recovery of individuals involved. When an offence has been alleged and an investigation is in process, immediate colleagues may become privy to confidential information. To promote collegial support, thereby empowering one another with confidence and hope, those aware of allegations are admonished against gossip and rumour, and are required to hold such information as confidential. While the investigation is on-going, anyone involved as a complainant, respondent, or witness will be instructed not to discuss the complaint, incident, or the investigations with anyone unless necessary to obtain advice about their rights.



SEXUAL MISCONDUCT POLICY:

Confidentiality Agreement

1.	I, (Name) have received and read the Confidentiality statement above and understand it.
2.	I agree to hold in confidence information obtained in the process of a complaint made, and investigations initiated, under the Sexual Misconduct Policy.
3.	I agree and commit not to discuss this process except with members of my immediate family, who agree to be bound by this same confidentiality provision, except to the extent that such disclosure may be required by law or to permit me to obtain legal or other professional advice.
4.	I understand that if I have any questions about this agreement and my rights and responsibilities under it, I may speak with the Canon Pastor.
	Name (please print):
	Signed: Date:

Appendix I: Various Report Forms and Consent Forms



SEXUAL MISCONDUCT POLICY:

Consent to Enter into an Informal, Facilitated Process to Attempt to Resolve a Complaint of Sexual Harassment.

I,		_ (Name of Complainant) have brought a complaint of sexual harassment	
agains	st	_ (Name of Respondent) under the Sexual Misconduct Policy of the Anglican	
Dioce	ese of Toronto.		
1.	I have received a copy	of the Sexual Misconduct Policy and I have read it and understand it.	
2.	I agree to enter into an	informal, facilitated process to attempt to resolve this complaint.	
3.	The facilitator appoint to this facilitator.	d by the Anglican Diocese of Toronto is (Name). I agree	
4.	If the facilitation arrives at a resolution to the complaint, the resolution will be in writing. The resolution will be signed by the respondent, the facilitator, and myself, and will be referred to the Canon Pastor for approval and ratification. The Facilitation Resolution Agreement will be final and binding.		
5.	. I understand that any statements or admissions made in the facilitated process may not be disclosed in an investigation if the facilitated process fails except where required by law.		
6.	I understand that if I have any questions about the operation of this Policy and my rights and responsibilities under it, I may speak with the Canon Pastor.		
7.		the Policy I have the right to seek independent legal advice and to seek a arts or under the Ontario Human Rights Code.	
	Signed:	Date:	
	Witness:	Date:	
CONS	ENT FORM 1	-	
		Revised July 2018	



Consent to Enter into an Informal, Facilitated Process to Attempt to Resolve a Complaint of Sexual Harassment.

Ι,	(Name of Responden	(t) am the subject of a complaint of sexu	ıal harassment	
brought	against me by	(Name of Complainant) under the Sexual	Misconduct	
Policy o	of the Anglican Diocese of Toronto.			
1.	I have received a copy of the Sexual Miscond	luct Policy and I have read it and under	estand it.	
2.	I agree to enter into an informal, facilitated p	rocess to attempt to resolve this compl	aint.	
	The facilitator appointed by the Anglican Dicto this facilitator.	ocese of Toronto is	(Name). I agree	
:	4. If the facilitation arrives at a resolution to the complaint, the resolution will be in writing. The resolution will be signed by the complainant, the facilitator, and myself, and will be referred to the Canon Pastor for approval and ratification. The Facilitation Resolution Agreement will be final and binding.			
	5. I understand that any statements or admissions made in the facilitated process may not be disclose in an investigation if the facilitated process fails except where required by law.			
	6. I understand that if I have any questions about the operation of this Policy and my rights and responsibilities under it, I may speak with the Canon Pastor.			
	I understand that under the Policy I have the remedy through the courts or under the Onta		and to seek a	
	Signed:	Date:		
	Witness:	Date:		
CONSEN	T FORM 2			



Consent to Enter into a Mediation of Complaint of Sexual Harassment.

Ι,	(Name of Complainant) have brought a complaint of sexual harassment		
against	(Name of Respondent) under the Sexual Misconduct Policy of the		
Anglica	an Diocese of Toronto.		
1.	I have received a copy of the Sexual Misconduct Policy and I have read it and understand it.		
2.	I agree to enter into a mediation to resolve this complaint.		
3.	The mediator appointed by the Anglican Diocese of Toronto is (Name). I agree to this mediator.		
4.	If the mediation arrives at a resolution to the complaint, the resolution will be in writing. The Resolution Agreement will be signed by the complainant, the mediator, and myself, and will be referred by the Canon Pastor to the Diocesan Bishop for approval and ratification. The Mediation Resolution Agreement will be final and binding.		
5.	I understand that any statements of admissions made in the mediation process may not be disclosed in an investigation under this Policy except where required by law.		
6.	I understand that if I have any questions about the operation of this Policy and my rights and responsibilities under it, I may speak with the Canon Pastor.		
7.	I understand that under the Policy I have the right to seek independent legal advice and to seek a remedy through the courts or under the Ontario Human Rights Code.		
	Signed: Date:		
	Witness: Date:		
CONSE	NT FORM 3		

Revised July 2018



Consent to Enter into a Mediation of Complaint of Sexual Harassment.

I,		(Name of Respondent) have had a complaint of sexual harass	sment brought	
agains	st me by	(Name of Complainant) under the Sexual Miscor	nduct Policy of	
the A	nglican Diocese of Toro	nto.		
1.	I have received a copy	of the Sexual Misconduct Policy and I have read it and unders	tand it.	
2.	I agree to enter into a	mediation to resolve this complaint.		
3.	The mediator appoints to this mediator.	ed by the Anglican Diocese of Toronto is ((Name). I agree	
4.	Resolution Agreement referred by the Canon	es at a resolution to the complaint, the resolution will be in writt will be signed by the complainant, the mediator, and myself, a Pastor to the Diocesan Bishop for approval and ratification. It will be final and binding.	nd will be	
5.	. I understand that any statements or admissions made in the mediation process may not be disclos in an investigation if the mediation fails except where required by law.			
6.	6. I understand that if I have any questions about the operation of this Policy and my rights and responsibilities under it, I may speak with the Canon Pastor.			
7.		understand that under the Policy I have the right to seek independent legal advice and to seek a remedy through the courts or under the Ontario Human Rights Code.		
	Signed:	Date:		
	Witness:	Date:		
CONS	ENT FORM 4	_		

Revised July 2018



Consent to Begin an Investigation into a Complaint of Sexual Misconduct.

I,	(Name of Complainant) have brought a complaint of sexual misconduct		
against	(Name of Respondent) under the Sexual Misconduct Policy of the		
Anglica	an Diocese of Toronto.		
1.	I have received a copy of the Sexual Misconduct Policy and I have read it and understand it.		
2.	I understand that my complaint as well as any related documents I may provide to the Canon Pastor or an investigator appointed by the Diocese under the Sexual Misconduct Policy, will be given to the respondent or any persons necessary for the administration of the policy.		
3.	I understand that if I have any questions about the operation of this Policy and my rights and responsibilities under it, I may speak with the Canon Pastor.		
4. I understand that under the Policy I have the right to seek independent legal advice or to remedy through the courts or under the Ontario Human Rights Code.			
	Signed: Date:		
	Witness: Date:		
CONSE	NT FORM 5		
	Revised July 2018		



Consent to the Release of Information.

Concerning the Complaint of ______ against _____ commencing

_ (date Diocese notified of complaint).

1.	Complainants, respondents and witnesses are advised to read the Diocesan Sexual Misconduct Policy so that they are familiar with the procedures involved. A copy of the Policy is included with this		
	consent.		
2.	Every effort will be made by those who are responsible for the administration of the Policy to maintain the confidentiality of the process, subject to the exceptions noted below.		
3.	Complainants are advised that in the event of a complaint under the Policy, a copy of the written complaint, as well as related documents originating from the complainant, will be given to the respondent, or any persons necessary for the administration of the Policy.		
4.	Respondents are advised that a copy of the written response to the complaint, as well as related documents originating from the respondent, will be given to the complainant, or any persons necessary for the administration of the Policy.		
5.	Witnesses are advised that any information they provide, either verbally or in writing, to a person appointed to conduct an investigation under the Diocesan Sexual Misconduct Policy, may be disclosed to the complainant and respondent as well as to persons necessary for the administration of the policy.		
6.	If a respondent does not sign this Consent to the release of information, the investigation will proceed in the absence of information originating from the respondent. In such an event, the investigating team may make their report to the Diocesan Bishop in the absence of such information which may otherwise be of assistance to the respondent.		
7.			
8.			
9.	The Policy is not intended to preclude anyone from seeking legal counsel or seeking a remedy through the courts or under the Ontario Human Rights Code.		
	nowledge receipt of a copy of the Policy. I have read, understand, and agree with the Consent to the se of Information as provided above.		
	Signed: Date:		
	Witness: Date:		
CONS	ENT FORM 6		

Revised July 2018

Appendix J:



Sexual Misconduct Policy Acknowledgement Form

Name		Title
(please type or print name)		(clergy/employee/volunteer)
Please initial beside	each statement to vo	erify your concurrence with it:
	eby acknowledge receivese of Toronto.	pt of a copy of the Sexual Misconduct Policy of the Anglican
I und Toro		of the Sexual Misconduct Policy of the Anglican Diocese of
		on as an ordained or lay person in ministry implies that the with responsibility to act for the well-being of others.
	off any of the above sta or prior to signing off	atements or if you have questions about this, please contact the on this document.
	Signature	
	Date	
will be placed in the named pe	rson's personnel file or other sui	ly with the Sexual Misconduct Policy of the Anglican Diocese of Toronto. This signed forn itable confidential file if there is no personnel file. It will remain in the file for an indefinit to the person named on the file, the College of Bishops, the Human Resources Staff, and
	revised september 2011	